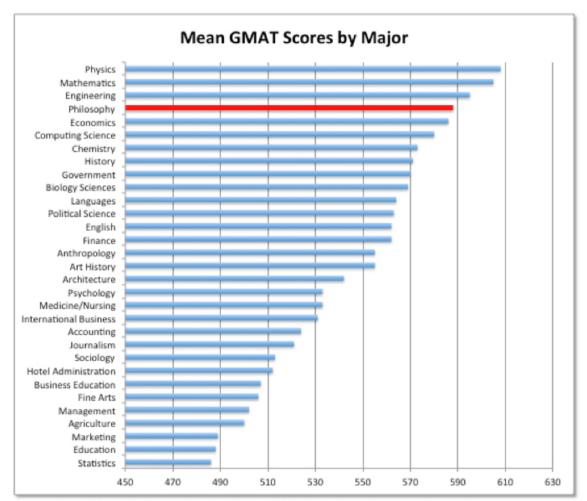


Value of Philosophy – Charts and Graphs

This is the **Charts & Graphs** section of the Daily Nous Value of Philosophy Pages (VPP).

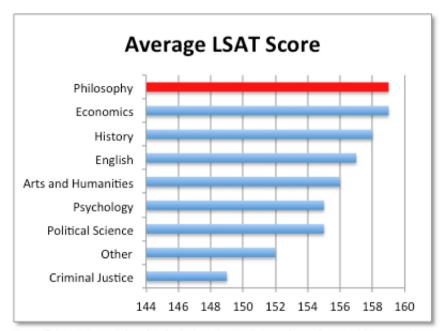
TEST SCORES

Mean GMAT scores by major.The GMAT is the standardized test used to assess applicants to graduate school in management and business (typically for MBAs).



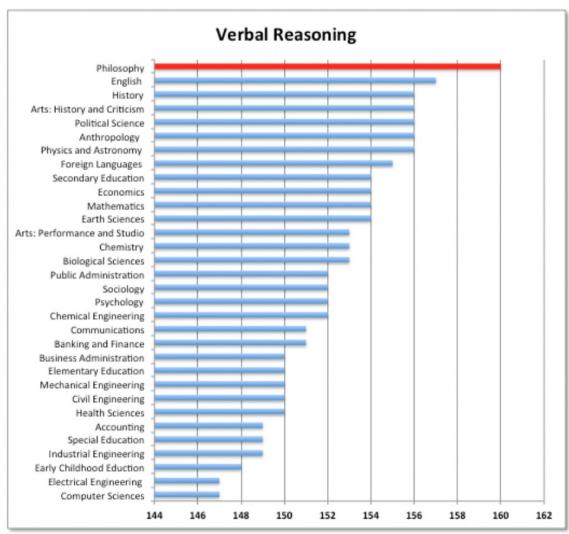
Data ©2014, Profile of GMAT Candidates, 2007-2012. Chart ©2015, philosophy@uno.edu.

 $\textbf{Mean LSAT scores by major.} \ \textbf{The LSAT is the entrance exam for law school.}$



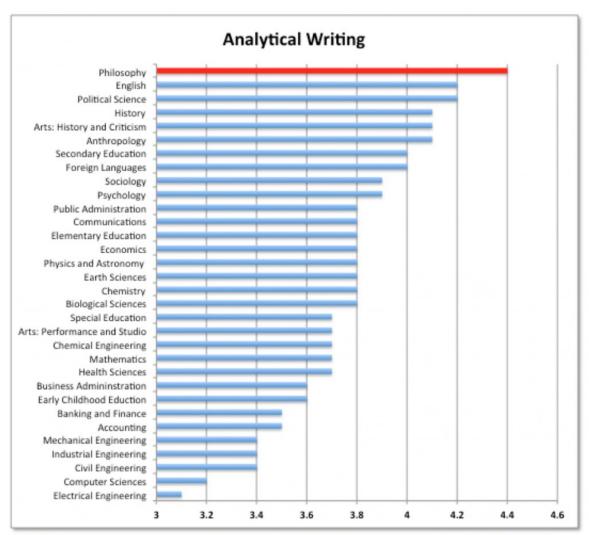
Data ©2014, Law School Admission Council, Inc., based on >1000 test takers. Chart ©2015, philosophy@uno.edu.

Mean GRE Verbal scores by major. The GRE is the standardized test used to assess applicants to graduate school in most disciplines.



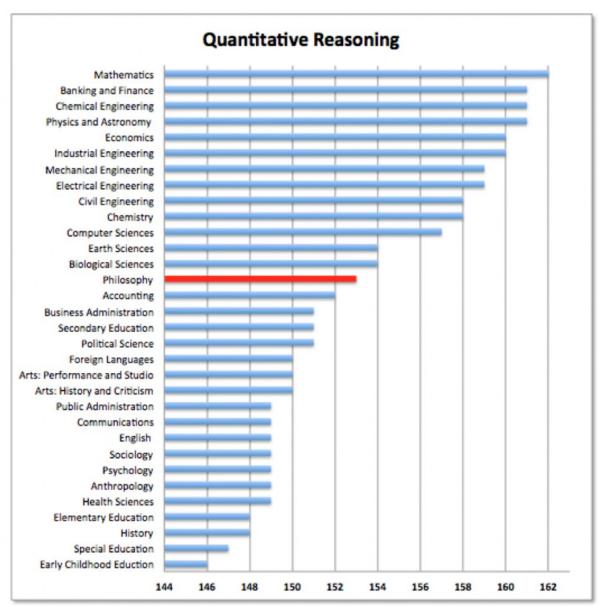
Data ©2014, Educational Testing Service, based on college graduates who tested between August 1, 2011 - April 30, 2014. Chart ©2015, philosophy@uno.edu.

Mean GRE Analytical Writing scores by major. The GRE is the standardized test used to assess applicants to graduate school in most disciplines.



Data ©2014, Educational Testing Service, based on college graduates who tested between August 1, 2011 - April 30, 2014. Chart ©2015, philosophy@uno.edu.

Mean GRE Quantitative Reasoning scores by major. The GRE is the standardized test used to assess applicants to graduate school in most disciplines.



Data ©2014, Educational Testing Service, based on college graduates who tested between August 1, 2011 - April 30, 2014. Chart ©2015, philosophy@uno.edu.

is the standardized test used to assess applicants to graduate school in most disciplines.



Data ©2014, Educational Testing Service, based on college graduates who tested between August 1, 2011 - April 30, 2014. Chart ©2015, philosophy@uno.edu.

GRE Scores by Intended Major 2011-12. The GRE is the standardized test used to assess applicants to graduate school in most disciplines.

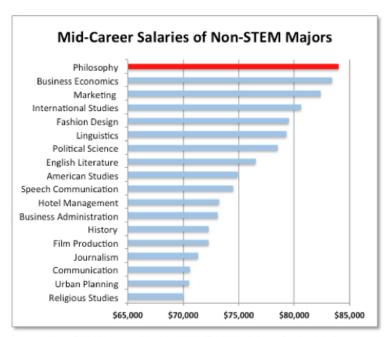
THE POWER OF PHILOSOPHY

GRE SCORES BY INTENDED GRADUATE MAJOR, 2011-12

Verbal (Average score out of 170)		Quantitative (Average score out of 170)		Analytical Writing (Average score out of 6)	
Philosophy	160	Physics	161	Philosophy	4.4
English	157	Economics	1 <mark>59</mark>	English	4.3
Political Science	156	Computer Science	158	Political Science	4.2
Physics	156	Chemistry	157	Physics	4.0
Economics	154	Philosophy	153	Psychology	4.0
Biology	153	Biology	153	Economics	4.0
Chemistry	153	Business	152	Biology	3.9
Psychology	152	Political Science	151	Chemistry	3.9
Education	151	English	148	Education	3.9
Communications	151	Education	148	Communications	3.9
Business	150	Psychology	148	Business	3.7
Computer Science	149	Communications	147	Computer Science	3.4

Source: Educational Testing Service; data available at http://www.ets.org/s/gre/odf/gre-guide-table4.pdf

SALARY DATA



Data ©2015, payscale.com. Chart ©2015, philosophy@uno.edu.

How much will a degree in philosophy add to your lifetime earnings, compared to other humanities? (from Forbes.com)

THE EXTRA EARNINGS THAT GRADUATES IN HUMANITIES MAJORS CAN EXPECT OVER THEIR LIFETIMES Early Career Salary Mid Career Salary Lifetime Earnings Gain Major Art \$36,100 \$57,100 \$315,500 Drama \$35,600 \$56,300 \$302,400 **English** \$38,700 \$65,200 \$444,700 \$470,900 French \$40,900 \$66,700 \$71,000 \$537,800 History \$39,700 Philosophy \$41,700 \$78,300 \$658,900

From "Surprise: Humanities Degrees Provide Great Return on Investment" by Jeffrey Dorfman at Forbes.com, November 20, 2014, based on data from Payscale.com.

There are 6 comments



Robert Stufflebeam · April 27, 2015 at 4:29 pm

The mean composite GRE score above is the combined verbal reasoning + quantitative reasoning + analytical writing scores ... not the absolute values, but the percentages. Since analytical writing is worth only 6 points, but the other two areas are each worth 170 points, the total scores cannot be added and divided by 3. Frankly, the results are astonishing.

₾0

Reply

Report



Justin W. · April 27, 2015 at 4:35 pm Thanks, Rob. I fixed that.

₾ 0

Reply